

Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute Purity of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

No treatment with "alkalis;" o adulteration with flour, starch or ground cocoa shells; nothing but the nutritive and digestible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans,

Ask Your Dealer for It.



"How long does it take you to do up a white vest?"

Said the laundryman, "Bout two washings." You're up against a different proposition when it's a MacCarthy - Evans White Waistcoat. So is the laundryman.

All our white wash vestings are soap-boiled and shrunk before we touch 'em with scissors. They can't shrink. They won't

And by the way, Mac-Carthy - Evans 3-Button Double - Breasted White Dress Waistcoats are "it" for function wear. \$8 to \$15.

MacCarthy-Evans Tailoring Co., Medium-Gra 1e Prices. 816-820 Olive. Main 2647. The Post Office Is Opposite.

Returning tourists with 'nothing to wear' have only to drop in at BARR'S to find the newest and best of the season's styles walting for them. Come they even from across the seas. Barr's buyers have got here just ahead of them with the newest, most chie of European modes. The Fall season is "on" at Barr's great store.

Paris, Ill., Nov. &-Mayor Z. T. Baun innounced that the winerooms of Paris must be closed. The Mayor's order is based upon a provision of the city or-dinances, heretofore overlooked, that the entire interior of the saloon shall be open to view from the street, unobstructed by any arrangement of the bar, furniture, curtains or blinds.

Half Rates to Texas To-Morrow. Cotton Belt Route, 909 Olive, Union Station

SPECIALTIES.

FUNERAL FLOWERS

DEATHS.

CASEY-At 2 p. m. Sunday. November 8, 1902.
Joseph L. Casey, beloved son of Annie and the late Henry R. Casey, brother of Julia, Frances, Henry, John. Charles and Edwin Casey. Puneral will take place from residence. No. 325 Evans avenue, Tucsiay, November 10, at 9 a. m., to St. Ann's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Funeral private.

DOYLE—On Saturday, November 6, 1903, at 1:45 p. m., Robert L., beloved husband of Victoria Doyle (nee Larleau), and son of James G. Doyle, Funcial Services Tuesday, Novem-ber 10, at 2 p. m., at his residence, No. 2854 Shenandoah avenue, Priends invited to at-

HAAS—Entered into rest Saturday, November 7, 1963, at 4 o'clock a. m., John P. Haas, beloved husband of Dorothea Haas (nee Bickelhaupt), and our dear father and grandfather, in his seventy-fifth year. Funeral Monday, November 9, at 2 p. m., from family residence, No. 118 Dillon street. Interment private.

MOSBY-Suddenly, on Sunday, November 8, 1903, at 12 m., Josephine, wife of James Mosby and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Wells, at No. 4638 Magnolla avenue. Due notice of funeral will be given.

PHILLIP—Sunday, November 8, 1993, Lewis Phillip of Mexico, Mo., beloved husband of Celia Phillip and father of Mrs. I. Silberstein, Benjamin Phillip, Cy Phillip, Nate Phillip and Maurice Phillip. Funeral from United Hebrew Congregation, corner Morgan and King's high-way, Monday, November 3, 2 p. m. Friends in-

LATT-On November 8, 1903, Eliroy S., son George and Emma Platt, aged 20 years, beral from residence, No. 4102 North Elec-th street, Tuesday, November 10, at 2:30

REBA-Malvina Reba, aged 30 years, daugh-ar of Mary Reba, after a lingering illness, 'uneral from the residence of her brother-in-aw, W. R. May, No. 1836 Dolman street, Ruesday, November 10 at 2 p. m. to St. John of Nepomuk Church, thence to SS. Peter

SCHMIDT—On Sunday, November 3, 1993, at 11:20 a. m., Annie Schmidt (nee Schmidt), beloved wife of Fred Schmidt, after a short lileness, prepared with the holy accrament, at the age of 45 years 10 months and 5 days. Funeral from family residence, No. 2703 Hickory street, Theaday, November 10, at 8:20 a. m., thence to St. Henry's Church, thence to SS, Peter and Paul's Cemetery. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Litchfield, III., papers please

IRON LIQUIDATION

Overcapitalization of the United States Steel Corporation Is Cause of Reduction.

WALL STREET IS INTERESTED.

President's Policy of Recognizing New Panama Republic Receives Little Attention in Financial World.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL,

New York, Nov. 8.—In connection with the iron and steel industry, Wall street and, for that matter, the entire community, is deeply grounded in two convictions, One is that this metal of wonderful utility is the barometer of all trade and that advances and declines in the raw product or finished commodity, set forth with the same accuracy as an aneroid instrument the elevation or depression, the adversity or prosperity, the storms or fair weather of general business. The other, set forth originally in epigrammatic style by Andrew Carnegie, is that Iron and steel must be either king or pauper, which, according to the common acceptation of this figure of speech, is only another way of saying that the industry is either highly prosperous or severely de-

It is unfortunate, perhaps, that the community places a literal interpretation upon these generalizations. A barometer, upon these generalizations. A barometer, for instance, requires adjustment at the hydrographic office or else from time to time to time to correct errors. On occasions the readings of the glass are confused by "pumping" or gusty winds and show a condition which is not a true index of atmospheric pressure or impending meterological change.

LIQUIDATION DISQUIETING.

No doubt the resumption of liquidation n United States Steel Corporation securities is disquieting to many of the small holders, among the \$0,000 or 90,000 of those who consider themselves partners with Mr. Morgan and Mr. Carnegie in the enterprise. But the case is by no means hopeless, for all that readjustment of prices must come in every form of finished iron and steel. The bliet is the unit of value in the steel industry, and the cut in price there will determine the price elsewhere.

price there will determine the price elsewhere.

Those foolish persons in Wall street who took the total output of billets by tons and multiplied it by \$4 to determine the loss in earnings are in error. A proper basis for computation does not exist, for the corporation mines and cokes and manufactures and transports and buys and sells among its constituent plants. Added profils in one direction may compensate for loss elsewhere.

The net reaction in earnings, if the figure could ever be reached, will be distributed over the entire ultimate output, not to billets alone. For instance, if rails can be maintained at \$28, while billets are reduced from \$27 to \$23, there is an apparent increased profit on rails of \$4 a ton. Few persons, of course, believe that rails can long be maintained in price, now that billets have been cut, and any railroad official placing orders at the old figures when the raw product is reduced ought to be a proper subject for investigation.

WALL STREET VIEW.

In considering the decline in the price of steel products and that in steel se-curities, it is difficult to avoid the conclusion that Wall street is viewing the cusson that Wall street is viewing the subject more from the standpoint of the market than anything else. Of course, this is unavoidable, in view of the fact that the modern industrial trust was capitalized on the basis of eargings and not on the value of the plants.

In the case of the United States Steel Corporation the capitalization was swollen to such enormous proportions by tak-Corporation the capitalization was swoi-len to such enormous proportions by tak-ing over the constituent companies, which in themselves were overcapitalized, that a comparatively slight reduction per ton in the value of finished products, unless accompanied by compensating reductions in labor and manufacture, will work seri-ous losses.

ous losses.

If the question of disproportionate capitalization did not enter so largely into the proposition, Wall street would have little occasion for serious apprehension over a reduction of \$4\$ a ton in steel billets and the other price readjustment. The decline might be taken as an evidence of business contraction in iron and steel, but \$23\$ a ton for billets would not be regarded as foreshadowing serious difficulty.

The United States Steel Corporation, with its large capitalization, is an industrial experiment, one which, within the next two years, will doubtless be severely

SPECIAL SESSION.

SPECIAL SESSION.

The special session of Congress probably will confine itself entirely to the subject of treaties, but the fact ought not to be overlooked in Wall street that the presidential campaign of 1994 starts, practically, with the gathering of the Senators and Representatives at Washington. That the next campaign will be fought on the line of industrial trusts, with incidental references to the tariff-protected industries, seems evident, unless it be that the recent developments in Panama change the complexion of affairs.

The President's policy in respect to the recognition of the new Republic has received very little attention in the financial district. It may be indorsed as just, prudent and statesmanlike, or condemned as iniquitous, short-sighted and reckless.

Mr. Roosevelt has assumed the responsibility of a Central American policy that may yet involve the United States in foreign compilications, While it is unnecessary at this time to dwell upon the compilications which may present themselves, arising out of the Panama incident, the features which will assuredly play a part in the presidential campaign are not of a character wholly reassuring to Wall street.

One favorable feature should not be

street.
One favorable feature should not be overlooked, and that is that the prices of industrial securities, which will bear the chief burden of political assault, are at a level, which discounts much of bad news, and that general business, which generally halts in presidential years, is already easing down.

Cotton Belt Route, 909 Olive, Union Station

WOMAN WANTED TO SMOKE.

Patient Refused to Leave Alms-

house for Elegant Home.

Macon, Mo., Nov. 8.-A wealthy woman of strong philanthropic tendencies visited the county almshouse this week and conversed with several of the unfortunates. Among those she met was "Grand-ma Frankie" Westmoreland, 70 years old.

nates. Among those she met was "Grandma Frankie" Westmoreland, 70 years old. Grandma Frankie always attracts attention because of her bright, apt manner and sociability, despite her great physical misfortune—she is totally blind.

The visitor resolved to make the aged woman happy the remainder of her days. She offered to take Grandma Frankie to her consfortable home and treat her as a revered member of the family. She went on and described the comforts the aged patient would enjoy—soft carpets to walk on instead of hard floors, a downy bed and pleasant room all her own, spacious and well furnished, and a maid to look after her wants.

Superintendent W. A. Patrick told her he knew the visitor well, and that she meant just what she said. "Grandma Frankie pondered seriously, She knew it was a generous offer, but she wanted to understand something first.

"Can I smoke my old pipe in your fine house?" she asked.

The visitor was shocked.

"Why—why. Grandma." she said, "ladies don't smoke nowadays, you know."

"Don't, eh? Well, this one does. Guess I ain't your sort of lady. Much 'bliged to you, missus, but I reckon I'll abide where I'm at."

H. A. Hesse, Tailor, 617 Pine street, says: "It is in the make."



Finger Mark or Trade Mark-

Which? SEAL



Common Soda Crackers—fingered from the time they leave the baker till you get them in a bag,

Uneeda Biscuit in the In-er-seal Package with all that the In-er-seal Trade Mark means sealed tight, kept right, from the oven to the table.

Which will YOU have?

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

COLOMBIANS ARE SOLDIERS

Officers Often Illiterate and Organization of the Loosest in the Army, in Which Children of Eight and Ten Years Carry Guns and Unromantic Vivandieres Constitute the Commissary Department.

PANAMA HAS LONG BEEN A COUNTRY APART FROM UNION.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Nov. 8 .- Military titles carry far less prestige in Colombia than they do in any other country north of the tropics.

A soldier there is not necessarily a strapping fellow in a fine uniform. He is merely a person able to carry a gun.

17,000 lives were sacrificed, including that of the Federal commander, General Pinzia, whose troops finally vanquished the revolutionists under Uribe-Uribe. SIEGES ARE FEW.

Pitched battles, however, are scarce in revolutionary periods in South America. There are few sieges and internal warfare may be protracted for years, with an enormous loss of life in the aggregate, without having any encounters of sufficient magnitude to attract much attention in the outside world. The soldiers do fight, how ever, and they get through a country that would be absolutely impassable for North-

Few sections of the world are more inaccessible to-day than the interior of Coiombia. Even in times of peace it usually lombia. Even in times of peace it usually takes about a month to go from the Isthmus of Panama to the capital, Bogota. Twelve days is about the record.

The isolation of different sections has been a direct cause of many of the troubles that have occurred. There have been innumerable jealousies and complaints against the conservative, or church, element, that has ruled in Bogota, without paying much regard to constitutional provisions, on the old theory that "the Constitution should not interfere between friends," and that members of the clique in power were bound to help one another.

A RACE APART.

A RACE APART. Panama has been particularly aggrieved. The Isthmians are, to a great extent, a race apart. As the highway between the Atlantic and the Pacific, with the great bulk of traffic for the western slope of a ontinent passing constantly, even revolu-

continent passing constantly, even revolutions have failed to stagnate its commerce.
Panama has been "graft" for interior politicians. All the retinue of officials have
been sent there from other departments—
usually men who had never before been
out of their native section and who were
absolutely ignorant of the conditions and
requirements of the isthmus.

They have collected the tithes for themselves, have supplied money for the central Govarnment and havegiven nothing
in return. These "carpetbaggers" have
held the purse strings tight and have sold
every possible privilege, from gambling to
lottery.

The movement for local independence
was very strong in 1901, and many of the
young men who then joined the liberal
revolutionists in the field declared that
the overthrow of the Central Government
would mean a new Republic. The closing
of the revolution had the effect of retarding their plans; the rejection of the canal
treaty in Bogota gave new life to the
project.

PAPER CURRENCY. PAPER CURRENCY.

ate in one respect. Its geographical and commercial position has saved it from the paper currency with which the interior has been flooded. This paper was worthless, hideous in appearance and with little pur chasing value.

The Government could not afford to pay merely a person able to carry a gun.

An officer may lack absolutely the training deemed essential in the North, and he may be entirely illiterate, for "book learning" is not required in the sort of fighting that usually falls to his lot.

Colombia's army seems formidable in numbers on paper, for it consists of all chitzens for whom there can be found wearons of offense and defense. The one mistake usually made is in believing that the constant struggles which have occurred in the Republic there is no real fighting. If the highest type of patriotism consists of going into the field and laying down one's life for one's country, Colomban someers are truly patriotic.

In one great battle in the last revolution 17,000 lives were sacrificed, including that for decently printed bills, so it ran its

of its own.

Few of the military men have had their origin on the Isthmus. The vast majority have been "recruited" on the plantations of the interior or on the river settlements. RECRUITING SIMPLE.

The system is simple. The General commanding in a district requires more soldiers for his work in the revolution, and he sends a detachment to some coffee estate to impress all the men in sight. Every man and boy in a village may be

Every man and boy in a viliage may be taken.

Age makes little difference. Husky urchins of 8 or 9, who have never had a stitch to cover their nakedness, are taken from their mothers' huts, dressed in oil clothes, provided with a gun and cartridges, and turned out to fight by the side of stunted men, white, copper-hued and black. Tiny boys are deemed excellent soldiers, and they soon adapt themselves to the life at the camp or the barracks, and when it comes to fighting they seem to know no fear.

Filth is the chief characteristics of the usual quarters for the soldiery. Of sanitary arrangements there are none worth mentioning.

The Commissary Department is primitive, consisting of women.

Town a best they can. To vivandiere is by no means creature of comic opera. She is in romance. She is usually small ways dark and sinewy. In camp she agreasy and unsavory messes; on the march she carries great bags with cook-

NAVY NONDESCRIPT. The navy of the Republic consists of few stray boats of different types. One was a pretty yacht, two or three were

was a pretty yacht, two or three were tugs, with a small assortment of other craft.

That Colombia will submit caimly to the loss of her most profitable denartment, nobody who knows the country would imagine for a mement. For the Government to give in without a struggle would involve its overthrow, with a strong probability of a further dismemberment of the Republic. Oth r sections might throw off the yoke of Begota, and either form new Republics or throw their lots with the isthmus.

Some Colombians in this city believe their Government will construe the actions of the United States as an overt act of war, and will proceed to retailate in some way to force the issue.

It is urged that American intrigue brought about the upheaval in Panama, but that other towns on the isthmus have not joined in the movement, and that the pretext of keeping the isthmus open for traffic would not be sufficient to justify the United States in preventing Colombia from sending troops to Boca del Toro or other points remote from the railroad and the partiy dug canal.

FROM EARLIEST BOYHOOD. FUEL DEALERS!!

The Laclede Gas Light Company is ready to receive proposals for all that proportion of its Coke production that it has for sale for one, two or three years from Jan.

Such Coke to be crushed and screened, and deliv-

The yards of the Gas Company to be kept clean at all times of any surplus inconveniencing the Gas Company.

Heeley ALL BARRETTE BRISE STIRE, REPRESTRESSIA, TORAGES AND CREMENTS ADDRESS AND COLOREST AND ADDRESS AND COLOREST AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS

CATHOLIC CHURCH DEDICATED.

Many Visitors Attend Consecration of Evansville Edifice.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Evansville, Ind., Nov. 8.-The new St. Boniface Catholic Church in the western part of the city was dedicated this morning with elaborate ceremony, Visiting priests from several towns and citles were present.

On Easter morning, 1903, St. Boniface On Easter morning, 1902, St. Boniface Church, which was regarded as the finest Cathelic church on this side of Indianapolis, was burned. The congregation went to work at once to build a new church, using the walls of the old structure for the new. The new church cost in the neighborhood of \$150,000. The structure is made of brick. The interior wall decorations were finished by Guy Leber, the famous sculptor of Italy. The statuary was imported at the cost of large sums. The stations in the church were carved wood and the work was done in Germany.

The building is heated by steam and is lighted by electricity. There are 150 brilliant lights attached to the large chandeller. There are over 1,000 lights in the

liant lights attached to the large chande-lier. There are over 1,000 lights in the church.

The church is the largest in the city and the two towers in front of the church are nearly 200 feet high.

The ceremonies were in charge of Bish-op Donahue of Indianapolis, The sermon was preached by the Reverend Father Dickmann of St. Mary's Church of this city.

city.

The pastor of the church is the Reverend Father Burkhardt, who has held the charge since the congregation was formed nearly fifteen years ago. His assistant if the Reverend Father Zermerschein, a Going to Arkansas or Texas?

otton Belt has through service. Leave 6 a. m., 9:45 p. m. Ticket office, 905 Olive

Olathe, Kans., Nov. 8.—The fire that de-stroyed the Range block here last night did damage amounting to \$200,000. The heaviest individual losers were the owners of the Johnson County Co-operative Association. Their loss is placed at \$80,000. There were 1,000 persons in the Grange Theater Auditorium when the fire started, but all escaped without injury.

Durand Departs From Spain. Madrid, Nov. 8.-Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the newly appointed British Ambassador at Washington, yesterday presented his letters of recall to King Al-Abdication Rumor Denied.

London, Nov. 8.-Discredited rumors of he forthcoming abdication of King Peter of Servia and of unsuccessful attempts to insure his life have been in circulation for some days. An authoritative denial of this was received from Belgrade to-night.

CASTORIA for Infants and Children.

NOTICE.

1, 1904, amounting to 25,000 to 30,000 tons annually.

ered into teams of the Contractor in the vards of the Gas Company.

DEUR HARTS

JS THE WORLD'S

Greatest blessing. Thirty days' treatment for 25 cents. last year \$,756,000 cases of Rheumatism. Catarrh, Constipation, Nervenances. Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion and Stomach trouble were treated, and 50 per cent were restored to health.

\$21.00 TO NEW YORK

WASHINGTON. B. & O. S-W

> TRAINS LEAVE 9:30 A.W. 9:08 P.W. 2:05 A.W. TICKET OFFICES: Olive and Sixth and Union Station.

President Secretary.

SETABLISHED IN 180.

MISSOURI STATE MUY CAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Ofnce. No. 717 Chestnut st. St. Louis, Mo., Tel, Bell Main 271A. Tel, Kinloch A 103.

Policies are written on either stock or mutus, plan.

Henry C. Haarstick. J. B. C. Lucas, M. R. Orthwein. D. D. Waiker.

BABIES TO WRECK A TRAIN.

Two Boys, Aged Six and Seven Years, Held for Grand Jury. REPUBLIC SPECIAL,

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 8.—Seven-year-old Ernest Carl and 6-year-old Harry Feldman of Tunkhannock, thirty miles from here, were arrested yesterday after-

from here, were arrested yesterday afternoon for attempted train wrecking and
have been held to await the action of the
Grand Jury.

These youngsters are so small that their
act seems incredible. They, however, have
described in detail how it was done. These
youngsters had been once before arrested
for staling. They dragged some helvy
boards to the tracks, got wire from some
hay bundles and wired the boards fast to
the tracks until there were several of
them across the rails and propped against
the ties. Then they chopped the block signal wires in two with a hatchet. This,
although they did not know it, would
have prevented the wreck they anticipated
as the train would have stopped before
enterting the block, but they thought it
would prevent word of the danger being
sent to the train.

Having done this, they lay in the field
beyond to watch.

They have been given over to their farents to await the action of the Grand
Jury:

Wilf-Wilson Drug Co., 522 Washington av., Raboteau & Co., Broadway and Lucas ev. Jud. & Dolph, 515 Olive st



1005 and 1007 Washington ave., handlers of Fire and Marine Salvage. Watch for special no-SAMUEL GANS, Manager, AMUSEMENTS.

CENTURY TO NIGHT SLA Mr. BLUEBEARD R GREAT SHOWS IN ONE.

AUCTIONEERS.

Regular sale every Saturday at warehouse and general offices 185-19-12 Chouteau ave. Sales in residences a specialty Phone Kinlock

WRECKING AGENCY

WESTERN SALVAGE

Next Sunday Seats Thursday. Liebler & Co. effer the man who made "The

Mr. EDWARD MORGAN

OLYMPIC-TO-NIGHT.

Charles Froh-man Presents Wm. H. Crane THE SPENDERS.

Beginning Monday, November 16, (Reserved Seats Thursday.) CHARLES FROHMAN WILL PRESENT Clyde Fitch's Best Play,

GIRL WITH THE GREEN EYES CLARA BLOODGOOD.

All This Week The Laughing Success "Where Is Cobb?"

With Musical Novelties. 30-50 Sun Mat. Nov. 15th-HUMAN HEARTS. IMPERIAL TO-NIGHT.

25c MAT. The Sensational Melodrama
"A RUINED LIFE"
Sunday Mat.—"The Man Who Dared." eolumbi/

All This Week and Next Sunday. Robert Hilliard and Co. 4—The Nightons—4.
Lew Hawkins.
Henri Humberty.
Tio Adler and Boy.

Juggling Jordans—3.
Bert Lennon.
Mr. and Mrs. Wright.
The Kinedrome.
The Sinedrome.
The Sinedrome.

THE SIGN of the CROSS

HARRY BRYANT'S BURLESQUERS

PROPOSALS FOR PUBLICATION
Of the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeals
Reports.
Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of State of the State of
Missouri, at Jefferson City, up to and including
4 o'clock p. m. of Tuesday, November II, 190,
for the publication during the ensuing six
years of the Supreme Court and Courts of
Appeals reports, as provided by law, section
1658, R. S. 1889.
Reports to be delivered in basement of Capitol building free from charges of boxing or
transportation.

E. C. CROW.
Attorney General;
ALBERT O. ALLEN.
State Auditor; SAM B. COOK. Secretary of State.

THE AUTUMN SEASON CRESCENT HOTEL

EUREKA SPRINGS, ARK., is open all the year round. Very low rates in effect



Do You Ever stop to consider the present efficiency of the TELEGRAPH SERVICE compored with what it was before the "POSTAL" entered the field?



